Financial Statements with Independent Auditor's Report

December 31, 2023



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December 31, 2023

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors St. Vrain Lakes Metropolitan District 1 Weld County, Colorado

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of St. Vrain Lakes Metropolitan District 1 (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.



Board of Directors St. Vrain Lakes Metropolitan District 1 Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The District has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

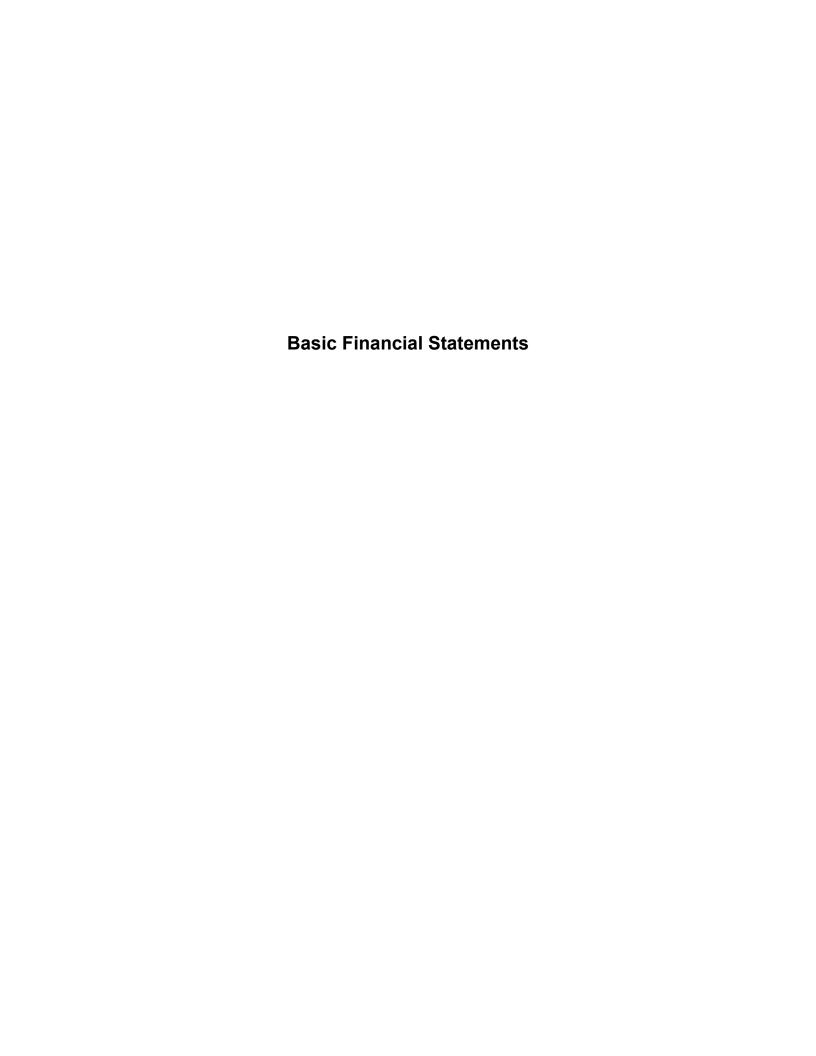
Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information listed in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Hill & Compay.pc

Englewood, Colorado July 30, 2024





St. Vrain Lakes Metropolitan District 1 Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

	G 	Sovernmental Activities
Assets		
Cash and Investments	\$	3,442,450
Accounts Receivable		421,118
Receivable from County Treasurer		813
Service Fee Receivable		695,950
Property Taxes Receivable		118,927
Prepaid Expenses Conital Assets, Not Reina Depresisted		62,050
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		12,428,301
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	=	11,279,733
Total Assets	_	28,449,342
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Loss on Debt Refunding		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	<u>-</u>
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable		392,115
Payable to District No. 2		1,830,685
Payable to Little Thompson		262,726
Accrued Interest		6,886,882
Noncurrent Liabilities		0,000,002
Due in More Than One Year		23,024,389
Total Liabilities		32,396,797
	_	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred Property Taxes	_	118,927
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	118,927
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		782,624
Restricted for:		, 02,027
Emergencies		65,153
Unrestricted		(4,914,159)
	_	<u>-</u>
Total Net Position	\$_	(4,066,382)

St. Vrain Lakes Metropolitan District 1
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Program Revenues						let (Expense)
Functions/Programs	1	Charges for Expenses Services			G	Operating Frants and Intributions		Revenue and Change in Net Position
Primary Government	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•						
Governmental Activities								
General Government	\$	528,764	\$	357,056	\$	-	\$	(171,708)
Operations and Maintenance		2,757,373		931,645		252,610		(1,573,118)
Resident Committee Coordination		10,000		-		-		(10,000)
Community Management		111,417		19,650		-		(91,767)
Expenditures Funded by Developer		288,602		250,576		-		(38,026)
Contributions to Little Thompson		262,726		-		262,726		-
Capital Outlay Expensed		1,102,964		-		-		(1,102,964)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		1,776,971	. <u> </u>	-		-	_	(1,776,971)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	6,838,817	\$_	1,558,927	\$	515,336	\$_	(4,764,554)
	Ger	eral Revenu	es					
	Pi	operty Tax					\$	264,626
	S	pecific Owner	ship	Tax				11,341
	In	vestment Inc	ome					72,433
	M	iscellaneous	Incon	ne				79,429
	Tı	ansfers to otl	ner go	overnments			_	(24,785,816)
		Total Genera	l Rev	enues and Tra	ansfers	6	_	(24,357,987)
	Cha	nge in Net Po	ositior	า				(29,122,541)
	Net	Position, Be	ginnii	ng of Year			_	25,056,159
	Net	Position, En	d of \	Year			\$_	(4,066,382)

St. Vrain Lakes Metropolitan District 1 Balance Sheet

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2023

		General Fund	Pr	Capital ojects Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Receivable from County Treasurer Service Fee Receivable Property Taxes Receivable Grants Receivable Prepaid Expenses	\$	2,467,980 421,118 813 695,950 118,927 - 62,050	\$	974,470 - - - - -	\$	3,442,450 421,118 813 695,950 118,927 - 62,050
Total Assets	\$_	3,766,838	\$	974,470	\$_	4,741,308
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable Payable to District No. 2 Payable to Little Thompson	\$ _	332,264 1,830,685 262,726	\$ 	59,851 - -	\$ _	392,115 1,830,685 262,726
Total Liabilities	_	2,425,675	_	59,851	_	2,485,526
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Property Taxes	_	118,927		-	_	118,927
Fund Balance Restricted for: Emergencies Committed for:		65,153		-		65,153
Capital Projects Unrestricted, Unassigned	_	- 1,157,083	_	914,619 -	_	914,619 1,157,083
Total Fund Balance	_	1,222,236		914,619	_	2,136,855
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$_	3,766,838	\$	974,470	\$_	4,741,308
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:						
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Capital assets, net					\$	23,708,034
Long-term liabilities and related items are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds. Developer advances - Capital Developer advances - Operations Accrued interest Payable - Capital Accrued interest Payable - Operations					_	(22,925,410) (98,979) (6,809,779) (77,103)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities					\$_	(4,066,382)

St. Vrain Lakes Metropolitan District 1 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Revenues	_	General	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
General Property Taxes	\$	264,626	\$ -	\$ 264,626
Specific Ownership Taxes	Ф	11,341	Φ -	۶ 204,020 11,341
Charges for Services		1,228,952	_	1,228,952
Intergovernmental		329,975	_	329,975
Contributions		252,610	_	252,610
Firming Fees		262,726	_	262,726
Investment Earnings		36,458	35,975	72,433
Miscellaneous Income		40,865	38,564	79,429
	-	,		
Total Revenues	-	2,427,553	74,539	2,502,092
Expenditures				
General Government		528,764	-	528,764
Operations and Maintenance		1,051,040	-	1,051,040
Resident Committee Coordination		10,000	-	10,000
Community Management		111,417	-	111,417
Expenditures Funded by Developer		288,602	-	288,602
Contributions to Little Thompson		262,726	-	262,726
Capital Outlay	_	-	1,253,191	1,253,191
Total Expenditures	_	2,252,549	1,253,191	3,505,740
Excess Revenues Over		175.004	(4.470.050)	(4.000.040)
(Under) Expenditures	_	175,004	(1,178,652)	(1,003,648)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Developer Advances	_		1,187,407	1,187,407
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	<u>-</u>	1,187,407	1,187,407
Net Change in Fund Balances		175,004	8,755	183,759
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	-	1,047,232	905,864	1,953,096
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$_	1,222,236	\$ 914,619	\$ 2,136,855

St. Vrain Lakes Metropolitan District 1
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:

Net Change in Fund Balance of the Governmental Funds	\$	183,759
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as		
depreciation expense.		
Capital Outlay		1,253,190
Depreciation expense		(1,706,333)
Capital Assets transferred to other governments		(24,785,816)
Capital Assets write-off		(1,102,963)
Issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt and long-term leases consume current financial resources.		
Proceeds from Developer Advances - Capital		(1,187,407)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued Interest Payable - Capital		(1,770,537)
Accrued Interest Payable - Operations		(6,434)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(29,122,541)
Change in Net 1 Conton of Covernmental Activities	Ψ=	(20, 122,071)

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The accounting policies of the St. Vrain Lakes Metropolitan District 1 (the District), located in Weld County, Colorado, conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

Definition of Reporting Entity

The District is a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado organized on November 29, 2006 under the State of Colorado Special District Act. The District was organized as part of a service plan establishing the District, St. Vrain Lakes Metropolitan District No. 2 (District No. 2), St. Vrain Lakes Metropolitan District No. 3 (District No. 3), and St. Vrain Lakes Metropolitan District No. 4 (District No. 4). The District, District No. 2, District No. 3, and District No. 4 are collectively referred to as the *St. Vrain Districts*. District No. 1 is to be the service district and manages and oversees the permitted district activities. District Nos. 2, 3 and 4 are the financing districts. The District was established to provide for the construction and financing of the public improvements for the use and benefit of the residents and property owners within the service area. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District follows the GASB accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

As of December 31, 2023, no component unit has been identified as reportable to the District, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented per GASB Statement No. 34, Special Purpose Governments.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the governmental funds balance sheet/statement of net position and the statement of governmental fund revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances/statement of activities) report information on all of the governmental activities of the District. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which expenditures/expenses of the governmental funds are supported by general revenues. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function of segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are collected.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenue to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due. Property taxes associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the District receives the cash.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be reported in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital facilities and other assets.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a non-GAAP basis for the governmental funds. In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the District's General Fund expenditures all exceeded expenditure appropriations. This may be a violation of State statutes.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and investments, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The District estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2023, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and investments are considered to be cash on hand and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments for the government are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The District follows the practice of pooling cash of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable using the straight-line method. Depreciation on property that will remain assets of the District is reported on the statement of activities as a current charge. Improvements that will be conveyed to other governmental entities are classified as construction in progress and are not depreciated. Land and certain landscaping improvements are not depreciated.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable government activities.

Development Fees

On February 13, 2007, the District adopted a Joint Resolution Concerning the Imposition of District Fees, which authorizes the imposition of various fees and charges for services within the St. Vrain Districts. On September 10, 2013, the District amended and restated the resolution and adopted a schedule of fees and charges for costs associated with the services, programs, improvements, facilities, capital costs and/or operational costs provided by the District. The District entered into a First Amendment to the Joint Resolution Regarding Imposition of District fees on September 11, 2017 to require that payment of the Development fee is due prior to the issuance of a building permit with the District. The District adopted an Amended and Restated Resolution Regarding Imposition of District Fees on April 11, 2023, restating and consolidating the Prior Fee Resolution in its entirety. The Development fee is a one-time fee and is imposed for services provided in connection with the construction and operations and maintenance of public facilities. The Development fee is determined pursuant to a fee schedule and may be automatically increased by five percent each year commencing January 1, 2014 and each January 1 until no dwelling units remain to be constructed within the District. During 2023, the District collected \$250,576 in Development fees.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Deferred property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Non-spendable Fund Balance - The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid expenses) or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance - The portion of fund balance constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as grantors or bondholders), constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - The portion of fund balance constrained for specific purposes according to limitations imposed by the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors prior to the end of the current fiscal year. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance - The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance - The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the above criteria.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's policy to use the most restrictive classification first.

Subsequent Events

We have evaluated subsequent events through July 30, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

Note 2: Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023 are classified on the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Cash on hand	\$ 96
Deposits with financial institutions	115,486
Investments	 3,326,868
Total	\$ 3,442,450

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2023, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance and carrying balance of \$115,486.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its investment to those which are believed to have minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk disclosure requirements or subject to investment custodial credit risk for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2023, the District had the following investment:

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing COLOTRUST. COLOTRUST offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST Prime and COLOTRUST Plus. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST Plus may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and repurchase agreements collateralized by certain obligations of U.S. government agencies. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for COLOTRUST's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by COLOTRUST. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period. As of December 31, 2023, the District has \$3,442,354 invested in COLOTRUST.

Fair Value Measurement and Application

Certain investments are measured at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investments are not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy. The District values its investment in COLOTRUST using the net asset value method (NAV) per share.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 3: Capital Assets

Changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2023 are as follows:

		Balance 12/31/22		Additions		Deletions		Transfers		Balance 12/31/23
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	\$		\$		\$		\$,	\$,
Land and Sites		-		-		-		7,560,111		7,560,111
Construction in progress	_	50,049,956	-	1,253,190	-	(25,888,779)	_	(20,546,177)	_	4,868,190
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	_	50,049,956	_	1,253,190	_	(25,888,779)	-	(12,986,066)	_	12,428,301
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated										
Buildings and Improvements	_		-		-		_	12,986,066	_	12,986,066
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated (Continued)	_		-	<u> </u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	12,986,066	_	12,986,066
Less Accumulated Depreciation										
Buildings and Improvements	_		_	(1,706,333)	_	-	_		_	(1,706,333)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	_	<u>-</u>	-	(1,706,333)	-	<u>-</u> .	_	<u>-</u>	_	(1,706,333)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, net	_		-	(1,706,333)	-		_	12,986,066	_	11,279,733
Total Capital Assets, net	\$_	50,049,956	\$_	(1,706,333)	\$_		\$_	12,986,066	\$_	11,279,733

Upon completion and acceptance, a majority of the capital assets will be conveyed by the District to other local governments. The District will not be responsible for maintenance.

Note 4: Long-Term Obligations

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2023 are as follows:

		Balance 12/31/22		Additions	Red	uctions		Balance 12/31/23		Due Within One Year
Developer advances:										
Capital - principal	\$	21,738,003	\$	1,187,407	\$	-	\$	22,925,410	\$	-
Capital - Interest		5,039,242		1,770,537		-		6,809,779		-
Operations - principal		98,979		-		-		98,979		-
Operations - Interest	_	70,669	_	6,434		-	_	77,103	_	
Total	\$_	26,946,893	\$_	2,964,378	\$	-	\$_	29,911,271	\$_	

The following are descriptions of the District's long-term obligations.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 4: Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Reimbursement and Acquisition Agreement

On June 12, 2007, the District entered into a Reimbursement and Acquisition Agreement whereby the District agrees to reimburse Brookfield Residential, LLC (formerly CARMA, Inc.) (the Developer), for all District costs incurred by the Developer, whether by construction of public infrastructure or by advancement of funds to the District for the purpose of providing public infrastructure including all related costs such as organization costs, operations and maintenance, engineering, surveying, construction and the costs of acquiring public lands. The repayment of such costs is not to exceed \$100,000,000. Reimbursement obligations, as defined therein, do not constitute multiple fiscal year financial obligations of the District and are not subject to annual appropriation by the District. The advances bear interest at a rate of 6% per annum from the date of the advance. The advances are to be repaid using bond proceeds or any other legally available revenues. On February 13, 2019, this agreement was superseded by the Infrastructure Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement. On June 6, 2020, this agreement was again superseded by the Public Improvement Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement.

Infrastructure Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement

On February 13, 2019, the District entered into an Infrastructure Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreement which superseded and replaced the Reimbursement and Acquisition Agreement, whereby the District agrees to reimburse Barefoot, LLC (the New Developer) for all District costs incurred by the New Developer, whether by construction of public infrastructure or by advancement of funds to the District for the purpose of providing public infrastructure including all related costs such as (but not limited to) organization costs, engineering, architectural, surveying, construction planning, and related legal, accounting and other professional services.

Upon demand by the New Developer, the District shall issue one or more Reimbursement Obligations payable to the New Developer for a principal amount up to the amount of certified eligible costs, as defined in the agreement. Such Reimbursement Obligations constitute multiple fiscal year financial obligations of the District and are subject to annual appropriation by the District, and will be secured by *ad valorem* property taxes as permitted by the District's Service Plan. The Reimbursement Obligations will be negotiated at market rates with specified maturity dates.

The advances (except to the extent converted to a Reimbursement Obligation) do not constitute multiple fiscal year financial obligations of the District and are not subject to annual appropriation by the District. The advances bear interest at a rate of 6.5% per annum from the date of the advance. The advances and Reimbursement Obligations are to be repaid using bond proceeds or any other legally available revenues. As of December 31, 2023, all amounts are considered advances, and advances totaled \$23,024,389 plus \$6,429,630 in accrued interest.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

Note 5: District Agreements

<u>District Facilities Construction and Service Agreement (Master IGA)</u>

On June 12, 2007, the District entered into a District Facilities Construction and Service Agreement (Master IGA) with District Nos. 2, 3, and 4. This Master IGA provides for the implementation of the principles and objectives set forth in the Districts' Service Plan regarding the financing, construction, operation, and maintenance of the Districts' facilities. The Master IGA was superseded by (i) a Mill Levy Policy and Pledge Agreement dated as of November 9, 2016 (as subsequently amended and restated by the Amended and Restated Mill Levy Policy and Pledge Agreement dated December 1, 2017, the *Mill Levy Agreement*), among the St. Vrain Districts; and (ii) a District Operating Services Agreement), among the St. Vrain Districts.

Grant Agreement with State of Colorado

On September 22, 2014, the District entered into a Grant Agreement (the Grant) with the State of Colorado - Department of Public Safety. During 2013, the District's infrastructure sustained severe damage as a result of flooding. The Grant reimburses the District for 75% federal and 12.5% state shares of the eligible FEMA public assistance program expenditures. The District is responsible for the remaining 12.5%. The maximum amount of the Grant is \$3,451,596. The Grant terminated on September 10, 2018. The District has submitted reimbursement requests during 2014 and 2015 for the costs the District believed were *eligible costs* under the Grant. At December 31, 2023, the District did not have Grant Receivable balance. The Grant Receivable is an estimate as the State may determine some costs are not eligible for reimbursement.

As of December 31, 2023, the District has recorded a total of \$38,564 of reimbursements from the Grant.

Mill Levy Policy Agreement

On November 9, 2016, the District entered into the Mill Levy Policy and Pledge Agreement, as amended and restated, to establish an equitable allocation of the costs of providing and maintaining the public improvements throughout the development. The Mill Levy Agreement stipulates that any revenue collected by any of District Nos. 2, 3, and 4 from their respective debt service mill levies and specific ownership taxes which are not pledged for debt service purposed for their own obligations shall be pledged to District No. 1 for the payment of debt obligations of District No. 1.

District Operating Services Agreement

On November 9, 2016, the District entered into a District Operating Services Agreement which provides that the District will provide operational and maintenance services to District Nos. 2, 3, and 4, and District Nos. 2, 3, and 4 will impose an operations and maintenance mill levy and remit the proceeds thereof to District No. 1 to pay for such services.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

Note 5: District Agreements (Continued)

Intergovernmental Agreement with the Town of Firestone

On December 9, 2015, the District entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement with the Town of Firestone (the Town) and District Nos. 2, 3 and 4 whereby, commencing with the certification of a mill levy in 2015 for collection in 2016, each of the Districts agree to annually impose, collect, transfer, convey and remit to the Town all revenues generated from a levy of five (5) mills that shall be imposed upon all taxable property of each such District. Each District shall remit these funds monthly to the Town. The Town will place these funds in a separate account to be used to maintain regional parks, regional trails and public streets within or benefiting the property within the boundaries of the Districts.

Firming Fees Intergovernmental Agreement

On May 8, 2019, the District entered into an intergovernmental agreement with Little Thompson Water District and Brookfield Residential LLC where the District is to act as an agent for collecting firming fees from lot owners residing within Barefoot Lakes. Barefoot Lakes is a mixed-use community in Firestone, Colorado which is being developed by Barefoot LLC, a subsidiary of Brookfield Residential LLC. The District makes annual payments to Little Thompson Water District on or about December 1st of each year, remitting firming fees collected from December 1st through November 30th of the following year. As of December 31, 2023, the District owed \$456 to the Little Thompson Water District.

Developer Contribution Agreement

On November 30, 2020, the District entered into an agreement with Barefoot LLC, as amended by the First Amendment, dated November 30, 2021, and the Second Amendment, dated November 8, 2022. Barefoot agrees to contribute to the District one or more sums of money, not to exceed the aggregate of \$400,000. These funds shall be contributed to the District in one or a series of installments and shall be available to the District through December 31, 2023.

Barefoot has directed or intends to direct certain development activities or cause development activities to occur with respect to property included within and without the boundaries of the District (the Project), which depend upon the timely delivery of the District Services during development of the Project. The District has incurred and will incur costs in furtherance of providing the District Services that are directly related to the stage of development within the Project, including but not limited to costs related to the following: educating homebuilders on District matters and requirements; drafting and revising governing documents, agreements and procedures to account for Barefoot's evolving development plans; covenant enforcement related to newly built homes within the District, and certain increased landscaping repairs and maintenance costs tied to development of the Project (the Costs).

The District does not presently have financial resources to provide funding for payment of Costs that are projected to be incurred prior to the anticipated availability of funds; and Barefoot is willing to contribute funds to the District to enable the District to provide the District Services in a timely manner, in accordance with the terms set forth in the Agreement.

Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2023

Note 6: Economic Dependency

The District has not yet established a revenue base sufficient to pay for the District's capital improvement requirements. Until an independent revenue base is established, the continuation of capital improvements in the District will be dependent on funding by the Developer.

Note 7: Related Party Transactions

All of the Board of Directors are employees, owners or are otherwise associated with the Developer and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District. Management believes that all potential conflicts, if any, have been disclosed to the Board.

Note 8: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability, and workers compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

Note 9: Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, referred to as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 9: Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations (Continued)

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary and benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

On November 7, 2006, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

Note 10: Reconciliation of Government-wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The governmental funds balance sheet/statement of net position includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

- 1) Capital improvements used in government activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not in the funds; and,
- 2) Long-term liabilities such as developer advances and accrued interest payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not in the funds.
- 3) Governmental funds report long-term debt payments as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the payment of long-term debt is recorded as a decrease of long-term liabilities.

Note 11: Restatement of Prior Year Balances

Restatement of December 31, 2023 Assets and Liabilities to record Construction in Progress that was not recorded.

	- -)22 Balances as Reported	ı	Liability Restatement	2022 Balances as Restated		
Business Type Activities Statement of Net Position Liabilities	\$_	25,714,002	\$	1,334,600	\$_	27,048,602	
Net Position	\$_	27,744,682	\$_	1,334,600	\$_	29,079,282	



St. Vrain Lakes Metropolitan District 1 Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Revenues		Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
General Property Taxes	\$	266,677	\$	264,626	\$	(2,051)	
Specific Ownership Taxes		13,334		11,341		(1,993)	
Charges for Services		1,428,558		1,228,952		(199,606)	
Intergovernmental Contributions		334,735		329,975		(4,760)	
		146,195		515,336		369,141	
Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Income		50,000		36,458 40,865		(13,542)	
Total Revenues		2,239,499	_	2,427,553		40,865 188,054	
		2,200,400		2,427,000	_	100,004	
Expenditures							
General Government		635,905		528,764		107,141	
Operations and Maintenance		1,187,317		1,051,040		136,277	
Resident Committee Coordination		6,890		10,000		(3,110)	
Community Management		116,257		111,417		4,840	
Expenditures Funded by Developer		131,733		288,602		(156,869)	
Contributions to Little Thompson		50,000		262,726		(212,726)	
Total Expenditures	_	2,128,102	_	2,252,549	_	(124,447)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		111,397		175,004		63,607	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,387,714		1,047,232		(340,482)	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	1,499,111	\$	1,222,236	\$	(276,875)	

St. Vrain Lakes Metropolitan District 1

Budgetary Comparison Schedule
Capital Projects Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Revenues	Original and Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Income	\$ -	\$	35,975 38,564	\$	35,975 38,564
Total Revenues	<u> </u>	_	74,539	_	74,539
Expenditures					
Capital Outlay	7,380,000		1,253,191		6,126,809
Total Expenditures	7,380,000		1,253,191	_	6,126,809
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(7,380,000)		(1,178,652)		6,201,348
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Developer Advances	7,380,000	_	1,187,407	_	(6,192,593)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		8,755		8,755
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	3,560,609		905,864	_	(2,654,745)
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$3,560,609	\$	914,619	\$_	(2,645,990)